

2017-2018 SEASON
Spring Collective

...the poppies blow...

Friday, May 4, 2018, 7:30PM St. Mark's Episcopal Church, Palo Alto Sunday, May 6, 2018, 4PM Old First Church, San Francisco



Sir Arthur Bliss:

Elegiac Sonnet

Josef Suk:

Meditation on the St. Wenceslas Chorale, Op. 35 Ivor Gurney:

Ludlow and Teme for Tenor and Piano Quintet Sir Edward Elgar:

Piano Quintet in A minor, Op.84

Roy Malan, violin; Susan Freier, violin; Jessica Chang, viola; Stephen Harrison, cello; Brian Thorsett, tenor; Keisuke Nakagoshi, piano











Please save these dates!

Fall Collective

Guest Artists: Roy Malan, violin Keisuke Nakagoshi, piano

Carlos Ortega, clarinet; Nancy Ellis, viola

Sergei Prokofiev:

Overture on Hebrew Themes, Op.34 for Piano, Clarinet and String Quartet

Peter Schickele: Quartet for Clarinet, Violin, Cello and Piano (1982)

Dmitri Shostakovich: Piano Quintet, Op.57

Friday, October 12, 2018 7:30PM St. Mark's Episcopal Church, Palo Alto

Sunday, October 14, 2018, 4:00PM

Old First Church, San Francisco

Winter Collective

Guest Artists: Kay Stern, violin; Elizabeth Schumann, piano

Bach/Mozart: Two Preludes and Fugues for String Trio, K.404a

Kamyar Mohajer: Prelude and Fugue for String Trio

Robert Schumann: Piano Quartet, Op.47

Friday, January 25, 2019, 7:30PM

St. Mark's Episcopal Church, Palo Alto

Sunday, January 27, 2019, 4:00PM

Old First Church, San Francisco

Spring Collective

"Three-generation" Hersh Family Reunion

Guest Artists: Paul Hersh, viola; Stefan Hersh, violin; Alexander Hersh, cello

Roberta Freier, violin; Susan Freier, viola; Stephen Harrison, cello

Sextets by Brahms and Frank Bridge

Friday, May 3, 2019, 7:30PM

St. Mark's Episcopal Church, Palo Alto

Sunday, May 5, 2019, 4:00PM

Old First Church, San Francisco

All programs, artists and policies of the Ives Collective are subject to change without notice.

Spring Collective

IVES COLLECTIVE

Ray Malan, violin; Susan Freier, violin Jessica Chang, viola; Stephen Harrison, cello Brian Thorsett, tenor; Keisuke Nakagoshi, piano

"...the poppies blow..." Music from the Great War

Meditation on the St. Wenceslas Chorale for String Quartet, Op. 35a (1914)

Josef Suk (1874-1935)

Elegiac Sonnet for Tenor, String Quartet and Piano, Op.81 (1954)

Sir Arthur Bliss (1891-1975)

Poem by Cecil Day-Lewis

Ludlow and Teme: Song Cycle to Poems of A. E. Housman for Tenor, String Quartet and Piano (1919-20)

Ivor Gurney (1890-1937)

"When smoke stood up from Ludlow"
"Far in a western brookland"
"Tis time, I think, by Wenlock town"
"Ludlow Fair"
"On the idle hill of Summer"
"When I was one-and-twenty"

Intermission

Piano Quintet in A minor, Op. 84 (1918-19)

Sir Edward Elgar (1857-1934)

Moderato – Allegro Adagio Andante – Allegro

"The Lent Lily"

This performance is sponsored in part by a grant from The Ross McKee Foundation.

By 1914, Josef Suk was both one of the leading Czech composers of the generation following Antonín Dvořák (Suk's teacher and father-in-law) and also the second violinist of the Czech Quartet, one of the first and most successful full-time professional string quartets. The *Meditation on the St. Wenceslas Chorale* was composed immediately after the onset of World War I. Knowing that the Czech Quartet's international tours would be curtailed, and concerned that they might be pressured to open concerts with the Austrian national anthem, Suk composed a short, patriotic work to open their concerts in the Czech lands. Although the areas that would become Czechoslovakia were part of the Habsburg Empire, and although Czechs served in the Austrian army, Czech nationalists saw the War as the likely end to the Empire, and as a prelude to an independent Czech nation.

The St. Wenceslas melody is an old plainchant that dates back to at least the 12th century. The hymn is a plea for intercession and protection from Václav the Good, Duke of Bohemia (and later "Good King Wenceslas" of carol fame). By Suk's time, the melody was known in versions in the style of chorales, and was regularly sung in Czech churches at the end of Sunday Mass. The melody was well-known and significant enough to be considered as a Czech national anthem after the War. Suk's use of this melody unambiguously evoked the era of Czech rulers before the Bohemian Crown was assimilated into the Habsburg Empire in the 16th century, expressed hope that the Czech people would survive the War, and promised a new Czech state after the War.

Suk breaks the chorale tune into four short phrases. The first two are intoned as viola solos, and then serve as the basis for elaborations of the melodic fragments in all voices in a self-consciously archaic style. The third phrase, a five-note turning figure, is also played by the viola, but high on the A string over rolled pizzicato chords in the cello and echoes from the first violin. The viola plays this figure three times, after which the passage climaxes as the first violin takes over the turning figure, and the viola plays the end of the chorale tune. This impassioned section uses the part of the original chorale melody that sets the words "pray for us" and "do not let our descendants perish." After this high point the full chorale is presented in low registers and soft dynamics, initially played by both violins to the accompaniment of steady pizzicati in the lower strings. This is followed by a developmental section in Suk's more typical "modern" style, culminating in a grand statement of the full chorale by the lower three instruments. In the first performances, it would have been Suk himself playing the theme on the second violin in the final appearance of the chorale.

Arthur Bliss was deeply marked by the War, serving with distinction, but being wounded twice, gassed, and losing a brother. He waited until 1930 to musically respond to his war experiences with Morning Heroes, a five-movement work for chorus and orchestra. The Elegiac Sonnet is a later, more intimate memorial work for the brilliant Australian pianist Noel Mewton-Wood, who had committed suicide in 1953 at the age of 31. Mewton-Wood was the first performer of Bliss's Piano Concerto, and had also collaborated with Peter Pears, who sang the first performance of the *Elegiac Sonnet*. Bliss requested a text from Cecil Day-Lewis, later to be Poet Laureate of the United Kingdom (and the father of actor Daniel Day-Lewis). The first quatrain of the poem uses the metaphor of a now-still fountain for Mewton-Wood, and the second quatrain directly praises the pianist's art. The final sestet moves to losses-both that which Mewton-Wood could not bear and the loss of Mewton-Wood himself-and ends with a wish for peace. Bliss's setting of the poem is very faithful to both its structure and its images. A florid piano introduction suggests both Mewton-Wood's virtuosity and also depicts fading trills of Day-Lewis's fountain. The music for the first quatrain uses flourishes in both voice and piano for the falling water, and slows for talk of sleep. For the second quatrain, the pianist plays the rippling figures described in the poem, and Bliss carefully paints key words like "fury" and "grace." The idea of human loss calls forth a painfully poignant cello solo, and the wish for peace is musically granted with the final chord.

Ludlow and Teme for Tenor, String Quartet and Piano Ivor Gurney

Like Arthur Bliss, Ivor Gurney was a young man at the beginning of the Great War, and was deeply marked by his service. Gassed, wounded and shell-shocked, Gurney spent three years at the Royal College of Music studying with Ralph Vaughan Williams after the War, but never truly recovered his emotional health. Gurney entered a mental hospital in 1922, and remained in hospitals until his death from tuberculosis in 1937. Gurney's friends encouraged the assumption that Gurney's struggles were the dirct result of his war traumas, but it seems likely that his combat experiences were only one of multiple conditions and causes.

The song cycle *Ludlow and Teme* was inspired by Vaughan Williams's *On Wenlock Edge*, a setting of six poems from A.E. Housman's *A Shropshire Lad* for tenor, string quartet and piano, composed in 1909. Gurney heard *On Wenlock Edge* for the first time in 1919, and immediately began his own cycle for the same forces, setting seven poems from the same Housman collection. *A Shropshire Lad* was published in 1896, and serves as a memorial to the members of the King's Shropshire Light Infantry who died in the Anglo-Egyptian War in 1882. The sixty-three poems center on rural life, lost love, and soldiers dying young. These poems were widely popular in the early 20th century, especially among the young men of Gurney's generation

who fought the War, and many brought the book (published in small formats at a low price) with them into the trenches.

Gurney himself was a war poet, better known for his verses than as a composer before *Ludlow and Teme*. The sung texts deviate slightly from Housman's originals, as Gurney imperfectly recalled the poems from memory while composing. Not surprisingly for a poet, Gurney was exquisitely sensitive to the sounds and rhythms of Housman's poems, and his vocal lines gracefully allow the words to be heard clearly, and to reinforce the meter of the verses. Also not surprisingly for an acolyte of Vaughan Williams, the musical settings seem to mostly aspire to a kind of imaginary pseudo-British folk music style (an excellent match for Housman's similarly largely imaginary Shropshire), with some traces of his teacher's enthusiasm for Debussy and Ravel. It would have been difficult for Gurney to select poems that could not be heard as reflecting the War in some way, but his choices are particularly pointed, especially the "lads that will die in their glory and never be old" of "Ludlow Fair," and the "Soldiers marching, all to die" of "On the idle hill of summer." The insistent drumming of the cello pizzicati in the latter song is just one of the many examples of evocative tone-painting.

Piano Quintet in A minor, Op. 84

Sir Edward Elgar

The Piano Quintet, along with the Violin Sonata and the String Quartet, is one of a group of three chamber works composed by Edward Elgar just at the end of the Great War. The appearance of three substantial chamber compositions in the same year is all the more striking, as these were Elgar's first significant small ensemble pieces, and even his unfinished or destroyed early attempts all dated from at least thirty years earlier. Also notable is the distinctly 19th century flavor of the works, marked most strongly by the styles of Johannes Brahms. As Elgar wrote of the Violin Sonata, "I fear it does not carry us any further, but it is full of golden sounds, and I like it." It may seem odd that an English composer would be carrying on Austro-German traditions in the wake of the War, but, aside from a brief period at the beginning of the War when German music disappeared from British orchestral programs and musicians of German heritage were swiftly removed from British orchestras, the music of Beethoven, Brahms and the other canonical Teutonic composers was performed throughout the conflict, and those composers remained the measure against which British musicians were evaluated. George Bernard Shaw felt the Piano Quintet was in the same vein as Beethoven's Coriolan Overture, and was the finest thing of that sort since Beethoven's Overture.

Like many Elgar works, the Piano Quintet is surrounded by a certain amount of dubious lore. Elgar seems to have been happy to cultivate an air of mystery around his works, and to encourage speculation about the sources and meanings of his musical material. (This is, after all, the composer of the *Enigma Variations!*) In this

case, the lore mostly is attached to the first movement. The first four notes, played in octaves by the piano, may come from a "Salve Regina" chant (coincidentally, it shares the first three notes of the "pray for us" motive from the Suk *Meditation*). According to Elgar's wife, the slow introduction evoked the spooky woods around the remote rural cottage where the Quintet was composed ("Ghostly stuff," according to Elgar himself). There is also a tradition that the rather sexy second theme of the following Allegro section (violins in thirds, bouncing bows) is Spanish in character, connected to a legend that a nearby group of old, gnarled trees were the figures of Spanish monks, punished with lightning for sinful acts (even the existence of the monks is spurious, let alone the more colorful parts of the tale).

The second movement is rich and melodic, featuring one of Elgar's most noble and compelling melodies (which is high praise, indeed), first presented by the viola. A middle section is more personally passionate, with frequent tempo changes and indications that individual notes in melodies should be extended (especially in the cello) before the noble first section returns. The third and final movement opens with a slow introduction, in which material from the slow introduction of the first movement returns. The subsequent Allegro begins with a theme for the full quartet marked "singing and with dignity." A contrasting, syncopated theme in the piano is perhaps less dignified (as one critic would have it, "galumphing"), but, after a long transition based on the "Salve Regina" theme from the first movement, the main theme returns in all its glory, now promoted from "dignified" to "nobly."

- Notes by Dr. Derek Katz



Roy Malan, violin, serves as solo violinist with the California Symphony and Opera Parallèle, and was the long-time concertmaster and solo violinist for the San Francisco Ballet. The founding director of the Telluride Chamber Music Festival, he has an extensive career of performance domestically as well as in Canada, Mexico, Europe, Australia, and Africa to his credit. He is also widely recorded on the Genesis, Orion, and other labels. Roy was formerly a member of Porter Quartet, Stanford String Quartet, Ives Quartet, and the San Francisco Piano Trio, among others. Educated at London's Royal Academy of Music under Yehudi Menuhin, he also attended Juilliard and the Curtis Institute, where he was a student of Ivan Galamian and Efrem Zimbalist (he authored the latter's biography). Roy currently serves on the faculty of the University of California, Santa Cruz, plays locally with a string quartet, piano trio, and music festival engagements. He has been a member of SFCMP since 1976.



Susan Freier, violin/viola, and Co-artistic Director of the Ives Collective, earned degrees in Music and Biology from Stanford University as a Ford scholar and continued her studies at the Eastman School of Music where she formed the Chester String Quartet. In 1989, Susan joined Stanford's faculty and the Stanford String Quartet. A former artist-faculty member at the Pacific Music Festival, Music in the Mountains, the Rocky Ridge Music Center, and the Orfeo Music Festival (Italy), Susan teaches and performs at the Mendocino Music Festival, the SoCal Music Workshop, and the Telluride Chamber Music Festival.



Keisuke Nakagoshi, earned his Bachelors degree in Composition and Masters degree in Chamber Music from the San Francisco Conservatory of Music. Graduating as the recipient of multiple top awards, Keisuke was selected to represent the SFCM for the Kennedy Center's Conservatory Project, a program featuring the most promising young musicians from major conservatories across the United States.

Mr. Nakagoshi has performed to acclaim on prestigious concert stages across the United States, including the Kennedy Center, Carnegie Hall, the Hollywood Bowl, and Davies Symphony Hall in San Francisco. He has received training from some of the most celebrated musicians of our time - Emanuel Ax, Gilbert Kalish, Menahem Pressler, Robert Mann, Paul Hersh, David Zinman - and enjoys collaborating with other accomplished musicians such as Lucy Shelton, lan Swensen, Jodi Levitz, Robin Sutherland, Lev Polyakin, Axel Strauss, Mark Kosower, Gary Schocker and also conductors such as Alasdair Neale, George Daugherty, Nicole Paiement, Michael Tilson Thomas and Herbert Blomstedt. Mr. Nakagoshi is Pianist-in-Residence at The San Francisco Conservatory of Music and the award winning Opera Parallele. He resides in San Francisco.



Stephen Harrison, cello, and Co-Artistic Director of the Ives Collective has been on the Stanford University faculty since 1983. A graduate of Oberlin College and Boston University, he has been solo cellist of the San Francisco Contemporary Music Players since 1985. He has toured internationally and recorded on the Delos, CRI, New Albion and Newport Classics labels. Stephen has been on the faculty of the Pacific Music Festival, the Orfeo and Schlern International Music Festivals (Italy) and the Rocky Ridge Music Center. He is currently principal cellist at the Mendocino Music Festival, and performs and teaches at the SoCal Chamber Music Workshop and the Telluride Chamber Music Festival



Violist **Jessica Chang** leads a versatile career as a chamber musician, recitalist, and educator. As the Founder and Executive Director of Chamber Music by the Bay, Ms. Chang performs interactive concerts for diverse communities throughout the San Francisco Bay Area. Her work as a teaching artist has led to concert residencies, including with Project 440, the Savannah Music Festival, and Music from Angel Fire. She has also served as violist of the Afiara Quartet, with whom she toured North America

Ms. Chang has performed in concert tours throughout North America, Europe, and Asia. Her performances have been broadcast on American Public Media's "Performance Today," WYNC, WHYY, and WQXR Public Radio. Highlights from recent years include collaborations with Roberto Díaz, Pamela Frank, Scott Yoo, Christoph Richter, William Bennett, Itzhak Perlman, Joseph Silverstein, Toby Appel, James Campbell, members of the Orion and Guarneri Quartets, and members of the St. Paul Chamber Orchestra, Philadelphia Orchestra, New York Philharmonic, and Berlin Philharmonic. Her festival appearances include Festival Mozaic. Juneau Jazz and Classics, Bard Music West, Music from Angel Fire, International Musicians Seminar Prussia Cove, Open Chamber Music Prussia Cove, Perlman Chamber Music Workshop, Tanglewood Music Center, Taos School of Music, Verbier Festival, the National Arts Centre of Canada, and Aspen Music Festival.



Brian Thorsett, hailed as "a strikingly gifted tenor, with a deeply moving, unblemished voice" (sfmusicjournal.com) is excelling in opera, oratorio and recital across the world. As a concert singer Brian fosters a stylistically diversified repertoire of over 250 works, which has taken him to concert halls across the US and Europe. Future engagements include Evangelist and soloist in Bach's St. Matthew Passion, St. John Passion, Mass in B minor, Mass in G minor and several cantatas, Orff's Carmina Burana, Handel's Messiah, Britten's War Requiem and Cantata Misericrodium, the Requiems of Mozart and Verdi, Haydn's Creation, Bruckner's Te Deum, Mendelssohn's Elijah, a rare performance of Blitzstein's Airborne Symphony and the world premiere of Stacev Garrop's Terra Nostra. Closely.

He has been involved in premieres and commissions of lan Venables, Peter Josheff, David Conte, Shinji Eshima, Scott Gendel, Gordon Getty, Michel Bosc, Noah Luna, Laurence Lowe, Brian Holmes, Eric Choate, Eric Davis, Michael Scherperel, Robert Conrad and Nicholas Carlozzi. He also makes many concert appearances with SF Opera & Ballet Principal horn Kevin Rivard. Their interpretations of Britten's Serenade and Cancticle III have been called "impressive, captivating, transporting" (repeat-performances.org).

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Elegiac Sonnet by Cecil Day-Lewis Set by Sir Arthur Bliss

A fountain plays no more: those pure cascades And diamond plumes now sleep within their source. A breath, a mist of joy, the woodsong fades -The trill, the transport of his April force.

How well those hands, rippling from mood to mood Figured a brooding or a brilliant phrase!

Music's dear child, how well he understood

His mother's heart - the fury and the grace!

Patient to bear the stern ordeal of art,
Keyed to her ideal strain, he found too hard
The simple exercise of human loss.
He took his grief away, and we are less.
Laurels enough he had. Lay on his heart
A flower he never knew - the rose called Peace.

Poems from *A Shropshire Lad* by A. E. Housman Set by Ivor Gurney in *Ludlow and Teme*

When smoke stood up from Ludlow

When smoke stood up from Ludlow, And mist blew off from Teme, And blithe afield to ploughing Against the morning beam I strode beside my team,

The blackbird in the coppice Looked out to see me stride, And hearkened as I whistled The trampling team beside, And fluted and replied:

"Lie down, lie down, young yeoman; What use to rise and rise? Rise man a thousand mornings Yet down at last he lies, And then the man is wise." I heard the tune he sang me, And spied his yellow bill; I picked a stone and aimed it And threw it with a will: Then the bird was still.

Then my soul within me
Took up the blackbird's strain,
And still beside the horses
Along the dewy lane
It sang the song again:

"Lie down, lie down, young yeoman; The sun moves always west; The road one treads to labour Will lead one home to rest, And that will be the best."

Far in a western brookland

Far in a western brookland
That bred me long ago
The poplars stand and tremble
By pools I used to know.

There, in the windless night-time, The wanderer, marvelling why, Halts on the bridge to hearken How soft the poplars sigh.

He hears: no more remembered In fields where I was known, Here I lie down in London And turn to rest alone.

There, by the starlit fences, The wanderer halts and hears My soul that lingers sighing About the glimmering weirs.

'Tis time, I think, by Wenlock town

'Tis time, I think, by Wenlock town
The golden broom should blow;
The hawthorn sprinkled up and down
Should charge the land with snow.

Spring will not wait the loiterer's time Who keeps so long away;
So others wear the broom and climb
The hedgerows heaped with may.

Oh tarnish late on Wenlock Edge, Gold that I never see; Lie long, high snowdrifts in the hedge That will not shower on me.

Ludlow Fair

The lads in their hundreds to Ludlow come in for the fair,
There's men from the barn and the forge and the mill and the fold,
The lads for the girls and the lads for the liquor are there,
And there with the rest are the lads that will never be old.

There's chaps from the town and the field and the till and the cart, And many to count are the stalwart, and many the brave, And many the handsome of face and the handsome of heart, And few that will carry their looks or their truth to the grave.

I wish one could know them, I wish there were tokens to tell
The fortunate fellows that now you can never discern;
And then one could talk with them friendly and wish them farewell
And watch them depart on the way that they will not return.

But now you may stare as you like and there's nothing to scan; And brushing your elbow unguessed-at and not to be told They carry back bright to the coiner the mintage of man, The lads that will die in their glory and never be old.

On the idle hill of summer

On the idle hill of summer, Sleepy with the flow of streams, Far I hear the steady drummer Drumming like a noise in dreams.

Far and near and low and louder, On the roads of earth go by, Dear to friends and food for powder, Soldiers marching, all to die.

East and west on fields forgotten Bleach the bones of comrades slain, Lovely lads and dead and rotten; None that go return again.

Far the calling bugles hollo, High the screaming fife replies, Gay the files of scarlet follow: Woman bore me, I will rise.

When I was one-and-twenty

When I was one-and-twenty
I heard [a wise man]1 say,
"Give crowns and pounds and guineas
But not your heart away;
Give pearls away and rubies
But keep your fancy free."
But I was one-and-twenty,
No use to talk to me.

When I was one-and-twenty I heard him say again, "The heart out of the bosom Was never given in vain; 'Tis paid with sighs a plenty And sold for endless rue." And I am two-and-twenty, And oh, 'tis true, 'tis true.

The Lent Lily

'Tis spring; come out to ramble The hilly brakes around, For under thorn and bramble About the hollow ground The primroses are found.

And there's the windflower chilly With all the winds at play, And there's the Lenten lily That has not long to stay And dies on Easter Day.

And since till girls go maying You find the primrose still, And find the windflower playing With every wind at will, But not the daffodil.

Bring baskets now, and sally Upon the spring's array, And bear from hill and valley The daffodil away That dies on Easter Day.